

TE KURA O OMANAIA

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

School Directory

Ministry Number: 1060

Principal: Jon Smith

School Address: Omanaia Road, Omanaia

School Postal Address: Omanaia Road RD 3, Kaikohe, 0473

School Phone: 09 405 7786

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Accountant / Service Provider: Educa

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TE KURA O OMANAIA

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2022

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Members of the Board

Kiwisport

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Te Kura o Omanaia

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2022 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Full Name of Presiding Member	Full Name of Principal
Signature of Presiding Member	Signature of Principal
Date:	Date:



Te Kura o Omanaia Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	959,888	829,455	840,810
Locally Raised Funds	3	27,306	9,500	17,596
Interest Income		447	-	61
	_	987,641	838,955	858,467
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	2,989	3,300	4,656
Learning Resources	4	708,177	549,640	603,050
Administration	5	107,023	61,330	84,622
Finance		5,043	-	7,058
Property	6	184,034	202,305	135,347
Other Expenses	7	4,615	3,000	454
	-	1,011,881	819,575	835,187
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		(24,240)	19,380	23,280
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	, <u> </u>	(24,240)	19,380	23,280

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Te Kura o Omanaia Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Equity at 1 January	-	128,412	104,489	102,918
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Contributions from the Ministry of Education		(24,240)	19,380	23,280
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant BoT Contribution to MoE Project		-	- -	7,226 (5,012)
Equity at 31 December	-	104,172	123,869	128,412
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		104,172	123,869	128,412
Equity at 31 December	_	104,172	123,869	128,412

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Te Kura o Omanaia Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2022

Notes	Actual	Budget	
	\$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
8	38,134	133,919	56,639
9	42,847	31,344	32,979
	4,063	-	1,564
	1,492	1,106	2,255
10	1,055	1,356	1,002
15	-	-	12,550
_	87,591	167,725	106,989
	-	1,362	-
12	87,875		80,811
	-	·	-
14	28,150	24,699	28,523
_	116,025	114,263	109,334
	(28,434)	53,462	(2,345)
11	190,953	148,553	208,171
-	190,953	148,553	208,171
13	26,600	-	22,800
14	31,747	78,146	54,614
_	58,347	78,146	77,414
_	104,172	123,869	128,412
=			
_	104,172	123,869	128,412
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The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Te Kura o Omanaia Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Note	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		302,778	256,466	269,755
Locally Raised Funds		26,679	9,500	18,464
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(2,499)	-	(2,926)
Payments to Employees		(149,681)	(96,100)	(131,563)
Payments to Suppliers		(146,076)	(131,650)	(129,552)
Interest Paid		(5,043)	-	(7,058)
Interest Received		447	-	61
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities	-	26,605	38,216	17,181
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(28,141)	-	(27,576)
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities	-	(28,141)	-	(27,576)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		-	-	7,226
Owners Contributions		-	-	(5,012)
Finance Lease Payments		(28,539)	(35,234)	(25,714)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties		11,570	-	(40,403)
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities	-	(16,969)	(35,234)	(63,903)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	- -	(18,505)	2,982	(74,298)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8	56,639	130,937	130,937
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	38,134	133,919	56,639

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Te Kura o Omanaia Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2022

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Te Kura o Omanaia (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 13.



Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 11.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 14. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 20b.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives.

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.



Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

e) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

g) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The schools receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

h) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprised of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

i) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

j) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.



Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building Improvements

Buildings

Furniture and Equipment

Information and Communication Technology

Library Resources

Leased assets held under a Finance Lease

40 years

40 years

42 years

4 years

4 years

7 Erm of Lease

k) Intangible Assets

Software costs

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance and research expenditure are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

I) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell the school engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information. The valuation is based on a comparison to recent market transactions.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

m) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.



n) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, to but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

o) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

p) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

q) Funds held for Capital works

The school directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose as such these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

r) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. In instances where funds are outside of the School's control, these amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. In instances where the school is determined to be the principal for providing the service related to the Shared Funds (such as the RTLB programme), all income and expenditure related to the provision of the service is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.

s) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The schools carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period, the economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the school to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.



t) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in surplus or deficit unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to surplus or deficit.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

u) Borrowings

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the school has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

v) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

w) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

x) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



2. Government Grants

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	336,902	256,466	293,013
Teachers' Salaries Grants	463,957	389,132	404,561
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	159,029	183,857	143,236
	959,888	829,455	840,810

The school has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$10,350.

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations & Bequests	4,715	-	310
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	228	-	1,739
Trading	1,397	1,000	957
Fundraising & Community Grants	12,126	-	6,050
Other Revenue	8,840	8,500	8,540
	27,306	9,500	17,596
Expenses			
Trading	2,249	1,000	3,653
Fundraising & Community Grant Costs	26	-	-
Other Locally Raised Funds Expenditure	714	2,300	1,003
	2,989	3,300	4,656
Surplus for the year Locally raised funds	24,317	6,200	12,940

4. Learning Resources

2022	2022 Budget	2021
Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
65,524	35,900	38,288
1,824	5,000	2,717
5,015	10,000	4,642
573,471	451,132	509,480
12,611	8,100	5,807
49,732	39,508	42,116
708,177	549,640	603,050
	Actual \$ 65,524 1,824 5,015 573,471 12,611 49,732	Budget Actual (Unaudited) \$ \$ 65,524 35,900 1,824 5,000 5,015 10,000 573,471 451,132 12,611 8,100 49,732 39,508



5. Administration

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fee	4,000	3,700	4,400
Board Fees	1,040	2,500	2,150
Board Expenses	1,550	2,600	-
Communication	1,535	1,680	1,087
Consumables	3,354	3,150	5,174
Operating Lease	3,840	-	-
Other	11,168	7,600	8,567
Employee Benefits - Salaries	67,415	34,100	54,458
Insurance	2,096	1,500	2,506
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	6,160	4,500	6,280
Healthy School Lunch Programme	4,865	-	-
	107,023	61,330	84,622

6. Property

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	7,381	2,500	3,973
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	3,800	5,648	(28,552)
Grounds	2,538	3,500	6,081
Heat, Light and Water	5,992	4,300	5,739
Rates	-	500	-
Repairs and Maintenance	317	2,000	990
Use of Land and Buildings	159,029	183,857	143,236
Security	-	-	2,415
Transport	4,977	-	1,465
	184,034	202,305	135,347

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Other Expenses

·	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Loss on Uncollectable Accounts Receivable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 454
Transport	4,615	3,000	-
	4,615	3,000	454
8. Cash and Cash Equivalents			

	2022 2022 Budget		2021	
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$	
Bank Accounts	38,134	133,919	56,639	
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	38,134	133,919	56,639	

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.



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	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	2,212	2,033	985
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	622	-	-
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	40,013	29,311	31,994
	42,847	31,344	32,979
	-		
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	2,834	2,033	985
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	40,013	29,311	31,994
	42,847	31,344	32,979
10. Inventories			
	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	` \$	\$
Uniforms	1,055	1,356	1,002
	1,055	1,356	1,002

11. Property, Plant and Equipment

2022	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
Land	8,000	-	-	-	-	8,000
Buildings	48,651	-	-	-	(2,100)	46,551
Building Improvements	9,736	-	-	-	(2,072)	7,664
Furniture and Equipment	50,832	21,428	-	-	(12,019)	60,241
Information and Communication Technology	14,469	4,875	-	-	(5,015)	14,329
Leased Assets	76,483	6,211	-	-	(28,526)	54,168
Balance at 31 December 2022	208,171	32,514	-	-	(49,732)	190,953

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$54,168 (2021: \$76,483) *Restrictions*

There are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2022	2022	2022	2021	2021	2021
	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land	8,000	-	8,000	8,000	-	8,000
Buildings	84,000	(37,449)	46,551	84,000	(35,349)	48,651
Building Improvements	33,912	(26,248)	7,664	33,912	(24,176)	9,736
Furniture and Equipment	120,705	(60,464)	60,241	101,948	(51,116)	50,832
Information and Communication Technology	37,217	(22,888)	14,329	32,343	(17,874)	14,469
Leased Assets	124,678	(70,510)	54,168	121,395	(44,912)	76,483
Balance at 31 December	408,512	(217,559)	190,953	381,598	(173,427)	208,171



12. Accounts Payable

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	11,069	27,375	8,771
Accruals	4,000	3,700	3,900
Banking Staffing Overuse	24,183	13,840	27,494
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	40,013	29,311	31,994
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	8,610	7,611	8,652
	87,875	81,837	80,811
Payables for Exchange Transactions	87,875	81,837	80,811
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	· -	· -	, -
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	-	-	-
	87,875	81,837	80,811
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value			

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.

13. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Provision at the Start of the Year	22,800	717	51,352
Increase to the Provision During the Year	3,800	5,648	3,800
Other Adjustments	-	-	(32,352)
Provision at the End of the Year	26,600	6,365	22,800
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	-	6,365	-
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	26,600	-	22,800
	26,600	6,365	22,800

Per the cyclical maintenance schedule the school is next expected to undertake painting works during 2025. This plan is based on the schools 10 Year Property plan / painting quotes.

14. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	31,116	24,699	33,312
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	33,187	78,146	58,383
Future Finance Charges	(4,406)	-	(8,558)
	59,897	102,845	83,137
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	28,150	24,699	28,523
Finance lease liability - Non current	31,747	78,146	54,614
	59,897	102,845	83,137



15. Funds Held (Owed) for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works projects is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 8.

	2022	Project No.	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions	Closing Balances \$
Boundary Fence		203009	(12,550)	12,550			-
Totals			(12,550)	12,550			

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

	2021	Project No.	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions	Closing Balances \$
Boundary Fence		203009	(12,550)	-	-	-	(12,550)
SIP Junior Playground		223622	43,161	5,000	(48,161)	-	-
Heat Pumps & Autex		229261	(1,778)	32,668	(30,890)	-	-
Totals			28,833	37,668	(79,051)	-	(12,550)

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

(12,550)

16. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.



17. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2022 Actual \$	2021 Actual \$
Board Members		
Remuneration	1,040	2,150
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	125,084	117,625
Full-time equivalent members	1.00	1.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	126,124	119,775

There are 4 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board had held 6 full meetings of the Board in the year. The Board also has Finance (4 members) and Property (4 members) that met 6 and 6 times respectively. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding Member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

Principal 1

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2022	2021
	Actual	Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	120 - 130	110 - 120
Benefits and Other Emoluments	-	-
Termination Benefits	-	-

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2022	2021
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
100 - 110	-	-
	0.00	0.00

2022

2024

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

18. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2022	2021
	Actual	Actual
Total	-	-
Number of People	-	-



2022

2021

19. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2022 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2021: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry's review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003 is ongoing. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis and solutions have been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2022 a contingent liability for the school may exist.

20. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

There are no capital commitments as at 31 December 2022.

(Capital commitments as at 31 December 2021:

\$0 contract for the Boundary Fence as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$88,200 has been received of which \$100,750 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry.)

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has entered into the following contracts:

(a) operating lease of photocopiers;

	Actual \$	Actual \$
No later than One Year	3,840	-
Later than One Year and No Later than Five Years	2,240	-
Later than Five Years	-	-
	6,080	

The total lease payments incurred during the period were \$3,840 (2021: \$0).



21. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial	assets	measured	at amo	ortised co	St

i manciai assets measured at amortised cost	2022	2022 Budget	2021
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Actual \$ 38,134	(Unaudited) \$ 133,919	Actual \$ 56,639
Receivables Investments - Term Deposits	42,847	31,344	32,979
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	80,981	165,263	89,618
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables Finance Leases	87,875 59,897	81,837 102,845	80,811 83,137
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	147,772	184,682	163,948

22. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

23. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.

24. Breach of Law - Borrowing

The Board of Trustees has failed to comply with section 155 of the Education and Training Act 2020, in that no authority is held from the Ministry of Education for borrowing which, in aggregate, involves repayments of interest and capital in excess of one tenth of the Board's operational activities grant for the year. The extent of the breach is assessed at \$3,309 in excess of the 10% allowable limit.



Te Kura o Omanaia

Members of the Board

Name	Position	How Position Gained	Term Expired/ Expires
Angela Pomare	Presiding Member	Elected	Sep 2022
Karne Harmon	Presiding Member	Elected	Jun 2025
Jon Smith	Principal	ex Officio	
Tanya Filia	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2022
Eliza Ingram	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2022
April Hauraki	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2022
Israel Tahere	Parent Representative	Elected	Jun 2025
Teinia Smith	Parent Representative	Elected	Jun 2025
Charlie Waata	Staff Representative	Elected	Sep 2022
Kelly Trebilco	Staff Representative	Elected	Jun 2025



Te Kura o Omanaia

Kiwisport

Kiwisport is a Government funding initiative to support students' participation in organised sport. In 2022, the school received total Kiwisport funding of \$941 (excluding GST). The funding was spent on sporting endeavours.